

INGLÊS ENSINO MÉDIO

Text 1

Alice grew bigger. "How quickly I'm growing!" she said. And then, "Oh!" She cried, as her head hit the ceiling.

"I must go into that garden," she thought. "This hall is too small for me now."

She took the little golden key and went quickly to the garden door. She was much too big to go through it.

Poor Alice! She sat down and began to cry again. Because she was so big, the tears that fell from her eyes were very big too. They made a big pool.

"Stop crying!" Alice told herself. "You're a big girl!" (and she was big – very big) "and you mustn't cry." But she couldn't stop the big tears, and soon there was a pool of tears all round her.

After a time, she heard little feet running towards her, and then she saw the White Rabbit coming back. He had his best clothes on, and he had a fan in his other hand.

"Oh, the Duchess, the Duchess!" Alice heard him saying. "How angry she'll be because I'm late!"

Alice wanted to ask him for help. She tried to speak in her nicest way as she said, "Please ..."

The White Rabbit jumped. The word came from the ceiling, and he was afraid. He ran away as quickly as he could, and the gloves and the fan fell from his hands.

Alice in Wonderland – Longman Classics; ed. Atica; 1989

QUESTÃO 01

Apesar de estar com a chave dourada nas mãos, Alice não conseguiu entrar no jardim, porque

- a chave não abriu a porta.
- a porta emperrou.
- ela cresceu demais.
- havia entulhos no caminho.

QUESTÃO 02

Ao perceber que não conseguiria entrar, Alice

- derrubou a porta.
- entrou pela janela.
- solicitou ajuda.
- sentou e chorou.

QUESTÃO 03

O ambiente ao redor de Alice foi inundado

- pela água da piscina.
- por suas lágrimas.
- pela água da chuva.
- pelo chá que o coelho fizera.

QUESTÃO 04

"I **must** go into that Garden", she thought. "This hall is too small for me now." A palavra em destaque representa

- um modal verb.
- um regular verb.
- irregular verb.
- phrasal verb.

QUESTÃO 05

Observe os **Modal Verbs** destacados no texto a seguir.

"Stop crying! Alice told herself. "You're a big girl"(and she was big – very big), "and you **mustn't** cry." But she **couldn't** stop the big tears, and soon there was a pool of tears all round her."

Os **Modal Verbs** estão exercendo, respectivamente, a função de

- sugestão – obrigação.
- possibilidade – aconselhamento.
- dever – habilidade.
- obrigação – aconselhamento.

QUESTÃO 06

Leia atentamente o texto a seguir.

"Poor Alice! She **sat** down and **began** to cry again. Because she was so big, the tears that **fell** from her eyes were very big too. They **made** a big pool."

É CORRETO afirmar que as palavras em destaque estão no

- futuro.
- gerúndio.
- presente.
- passado.

QUESTÃO**07**

Em: "Alice **wanted** to ask him for help. She **tried** to speak in her nicest way as she said, "Please (...)", observando a maneira como as palavras em destaque se apresentam, concluímos que são

- a) articles.
- b) irregular verbs.
- c) regular verbs.
- d) adjectives.

Leia atentamente o texto a seguir.

Text 2

Sinbad the Sailor lived in Baghdad in time of the great Khalif, Harun al-Rashid. Sinbad was a very rich man. He had a beautiful house in the best part of the city. And when the sun was hot in the afternoon, he and his friends sat under the trees in the garden.

"I am rich," he told his friends, "but I haven't always been rich. I have been very poor, often unhappy, and very often afraid. I was very much afraid on my first voyage. I'll tell you about it."

I was a young man at the time. Like many young men, I lived foolishly, and soon I hadn't much money. "I must do something to get more money," I told myself. So I sold my house and all my things for three thousand dirhams. With that money, I bought a lot of the best cloth and other goods. I took them to Basra. There was an Arab ship in the river there, and I spoke to its captain.

"We're going to sail next week," he told me. "There will be six merchants with their goods on the ship, and we shall sail to the countries and islands of the Far East. There, the merchants will sell goods. They will buy the jewels and other rich things of the east, and they will sell them in their own countries when we come back here."

"Can you take one more merchant?" I asked. And I added, I have only a few boxes of goods. And I'll give you most of the money I get.

"Yes, I can take you," the captain said.

Adventures of Sindbad the Sailor – Longman Classics; ed. Atica; 1989, pg. 1

QUESTÃO**08**

No texto, Sinbad fala que, certa vez, para conseguir mais dinheiro, ele

- a) criou um grande mercado no bairro.
- b) investiu todo o seu dinheiro em um banco.
- c) vendeu tudo que tinha e viajou.
- d) comprou imóveis para alugar.

QUESTÃO**09**

No trecho: "I was a young man at the time. Like many young men, I lived foolishly, and soon I hadn't much money.", é possível notar que Sindbad estava

- a) feliz por ter bastante dinheiro.
- b) triste por não ter amigos.
- c) irritado com a presença dos homens.
- d) arrependido pela vida que levou.

QUESTÃO**10**

"We are going to sail next week", he told me. There will be six merchants with their goods on the ship, and we shall sail to the countries and islands of the Far East.

A partir da leitura do texto acima, concluímos que as pessoas

- a) viajarão na próxima semana.
- b) viajaram na semana passada.
- c) viajariam na semana que passou.
- d) não viajaram.

QUESTÃO**11**

Uma ação no Futuro ocorre na alternativa

- a) We sailed last week.
- b) We're sailing now.
- c) We sail every Sunday.
- d) We'll sail next month.

QUESTÃO**12**

Em Inglês, ao estabelecer uma relação de posse, usamos o verbo **to Have**. Qual alternativa emprega corretamente esse verbo?

- a) Mônica have many friends.
- b) He has a red car.
- c) Pedro and Bia has a new dog.
- d) It have a hole on the street.

QUESTÃO 13

Leia atentamente e indique a alternativa que preenche as lacunas 1, 2 e 3, respectivamente.

1. Lucy ____ a headache yesterday.
2. Joseph and William _____ a sister.
3. _____ Ana have a boyfriend?

A alternativa que preenche corretamente as lacunas é

- a) had – has – Do
- b) have – have – Does
- c) has – have – Do
- d) had – have – Does

Para as questões 14, 15 e 16, use o Plural dos Substantivos para preencher as lacunas.

QUESTÃO 14

All the _____ are at work.

A alternativa que preenche corretamente a lacuna é

- a) men.
- b) man.
- c) mans.
- d) mens.

QUESTÃO 15

Look at that tree! Its _____ are falling.

A alternativa que preenche corretamente a lacuna é

- a) leaf
- b) leafs
- c) leaves
- d) leafs

QUESTÃO 16

There are many _____ in that house.

A alternativa que preenche corretamente a lacuna é

- a) watch
- b) watches
- c) watchs
- d) watchys

QUESTÃO 17

O Relative Pronoun foi empregado corretamente em

- a) The book who you lost is here.
- b) The man whose name is Raymond is a doctor.
- c) The student which you talked is my cousin.

d) The car who is old can't move.

QUESTÃO 18

Assinale a tradução correta da sentença "She pretends to be fine but we know she's not."

- a) Ela pretende ser gentil, mas sabemos que não é.
- b) Ela finge estar bem, mas sabemos que não está.
- c) Ela deseja emagrecer, mas sabemos que não consegue.
- d) Ela pretende chegar cedo e sabemos que não conseguirá.

As questões 19 e 20 abordam o uso do **Present Continuous**.

QUESTÃO 19

Qual alternativa foi construída de modo **INCORRETO**?

- a) She's playing Volleyball yesterday.
- b) You are walking to my house.
- c) They are dancing Jazz.
- d) He is talking on the phone.

QUESTÃO 20

Leia atentamente:

1. Amanda and Jane _____ playing basketball.
2. John is _____ now.
3. Richard is _____ a new letter.

A alternativa que preenche corretamente as lacunas é

- a) are – run – write
- b) are – runing – writing
- c) is – running – writeing
- d) are – running – writing